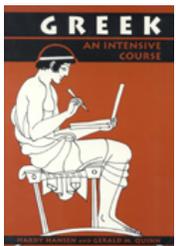




Cornell University

Department of Classics

Summer Session 2009



GREEK 1103 Intensive Greek

6 credits. M-F See times below A. Nussbaum/N. Dimitrova

Intensive introduction combining the fundamentals of ancient Greek grammar with readings from a variety of classical authors in the original Greek. Prepares students in a single semester for Greek 1105 (Intermediate Ancient Greek I).

M-F 10:00 AM - 11:15 AM ▪ M-F 2:30 PM - 3:45 PM ▪ F 1:30 PM - 2:30 PM

LATIN 1203 Intensive Latin

6 credits. M-F See times below F. Ahl/M. Fontaine

Intensive introduction that quickly instills the essentials of Latin grammar before progressing to readings in the original Latin. Prepares students in a single semester for LATIN 1205 (Intermediate Latin I).

M-F 8:30 AM - 9:45 AM ▪ M-F 1:00 PM - 2:15 PM ▪ F 2:15 PM - 3:30 PM

CLASS 1692/BIOMI 1720 Bioscientific Terminology

3 credits. M-F 1:00 – 2:15 PM H. Roisman/D. Bowman

A study of the Greek and Latin word elements that combine to form most of the specialized terms in the biological sciences. The student who learns the meanings of those elements and the rules of word formation can usually recognize the basic meaning of any unfamiliar word in that field. This skill is especially valuable for pre-medical, pre-dental, pre-veterinary students, and for those in other health science fields, as well as for students who would like to broaden their general vocabulary.

CLASS 2604 Greek Mythology

3 credits. M-F 10:00 – 11:15 AM D. Mankin

A survey of the Greek myths, with emphasis on the content and significance of the myths in Mediterranean society, including the place of myth in Greek life and consciousness; the factors and influences involved in the creation of myths; and the use of myths for our understanding of Greek literature, religion, and moral and political concepts.

CLASS 2682/HIST 2671 History of Rome II

4 credits. M-F 8:30 – 9:45 AM L. Van Abbema

This course is the second part of a two-term survey of Roman history and will examine the history of the Roman Empire from the beginnings of the Augustan Principate (31 BC) to the fall of the Western Empire in the fifth century (476 AD). We will consider the creation and development of the imperial regime, explore the various types of challenges (military, cultural, and religious) to the hegemony of the Roman state, and try to understand the transformations of Roman society and culture down to the middle of the fifth century AD.